

# MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

# BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT
CERTIFICATION FORM
City of Gautier
Public Water Supply Name
0300004
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report							
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)							
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other Hand Delivery							
	Date customers were informed: 20 /28/ 2011							
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:							
	Date Mailed/Distributed 06 /27/ 2017							
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)							
	Name of Newspaper:							
	Date Published:/_/							
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)							
	Date Posted: / /							
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. Qoutier- MS. gov							
<u>CERTI</u>	FICATION							
Departh	recrify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is next of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.							
Nama/1	VIL DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS JUNE 28, 2011  Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)							
Nume/1	Dute							
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518							
	570 Foot W/ down William - Pool Office Pool 700							

570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700 601/576-7634 • Fax 601/576-7931 • www.HealthyMS.com

#### Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can caus serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and commente associated with sentice fines and home plumbing. The City of Gaulier is responsible for providing high quasiments of the control in the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When you water has been providing high quasiments of the providing the providing high quasiments of the providing the prov

#### Additional Health Information

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HtV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and some infants can be particularly at risk from Infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection from microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hottine (1-900-426-4791).

The City of Gautier operates a community water system that is fully compliant with all National Primary Drinking Water Regulations. We provide water to each customer that meets or exceeds the standards established by EPA and the State of Mississippi. We ask that all customers assist us in protecting our water system. Please dispose of all chemicals in accordance with the procedures outlined on their containers. Be vigilant of our system's wells, elevated water storage tanks and fire hydrants, and report any suspicious activity at these facilities to the police.

Please call our office at 497-4283 if you have any questions.

Mayor Tommy Fortenberry

Council At Large Mary F. Martin Ward I Johnny Jones Ward 2 Hurley Ray Guillotte Ward 3 Gordon F. Gollott Ward 4 Scott D. Macfarland Ward 5 Adam D. Colledge

City of Gauther 29 PH 2: 23 City Manager

Gautier, Mississippi



17 S 13 S

City Clexh Wendy S. McClain

3330 Highway 90 Cauties, MS 39553 Phone: (228) 497-8000 Email: gautier@gautier-ms.gov Website: www.gautier-ms.gav

#### 2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of Gautier June 2011

The City of Gausier is pleased to present to you the 2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our system prunts groundwater from eight deep groundwater wells. The water is extracted from the Miscoans system, which includes the Graham Ferry and Pascagoula aquifer formations.

WELL LOCATION
Martin Bluff on Lark Street
Westgate Parkaway in Westgate Estates
Martin Bluff (West) on Lark Street
Behind Singing River Mall (North of Hwy. 90)
Public Works Office
Hondurass Diver and Merida Road — Point Clear
24 Mee West of Mall (South of Hwy. 90)
MS 57 vicinity Honibrand Blif Road

AQUIFER
Lower Graham Ferry Formation
Lower Graham Ferry Formation
Upper Pascagoular Formation
Lower Graham Ferry Formation
Upper Pascagoula Formation
Upper Pascagoula Formation

## The Bottom-Line: Is our water safe to drink? ABSOLUTELY!

Throughout 2010, as in years past, your fap water met U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Mississippi Department of Health (MSDH) drinking water standards. We vigitantly safeguard our water supply and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about what your water contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. We want our valued customers to be informed about our water service.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the Public Works Division at 497-4283.

The Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ), under contract from the Mississippi State Department of Haalih (MSDH), has completed a source water assessment. MDEQ's makings of groundwater wells in Mississippi range from low to moderate to high susceptibility to contamination. The City's wells were all ranked as moderate susceptibility, however, no contamination problems were noted.

The City routinely monitors for constituents in our dinizing water according to Federal and State laws. The following table is a snapshot of our water quality and shows the results of our monitoring for the pedro of January 1<sup>rd</sup> to December 31<sup>rd</sup>, 2010, except as noted. As water travels over the padro of January 1<sup>rd</sup> to December 31<sup>rd</sup>, 2010, except as noted. As water travels over the padro of January 1<sup>rd</sup> to December 31<sup>rd</sup>, 2010, except as noted. As water travels over the padro or underground, It dissolves naturally occurring misease and state of the padro of the p

Gautier, MS 39553-0670 P.O. Box 670 3305 Gautier-Vancleave Rd.

City of Gautier

# How do I read the following "Detected Contaminant Table"?

It's easier than it appears! Our water is tested to assure that it is safe and healthy. The City performed tests for over 40 contaminants during the year. If the contaminants were not found in the water supply, they were not included in the table. The column marked "Your Water" shows the highest test results detected during the year. The column headed "Likely Source of Contamination" indicates where this substance usually originates. Footnotes explain important details.

In the following table you will find many terms and abbreviations with which you might not be familiar. To help you better understand these terms we provide the following definitions:

Action Level (AL) – the concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) — The "Maximum Allowed" is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLG as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Conteminant Level Goal (MCLG) — The "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Micrograms per liter (ug/l) - micrograms per liter is a measure of uranium in water.

Monitoring Not Required (MNR) - Monitoring is not required; however, utilities may elect to monitor.

Not Applicable (NA).

Non-Detect (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per hillion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter -- one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCif) – picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Treatment Technique (TT) ~ A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

### Sampling Results

As you can see from the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected. The EPA has determined that YOUR WATER IS SAFE at these levels.

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 lifers of water (slightly more than one quart) every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having a health effect.

More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

# Maximum Residual Disinfectant Levels (MRDL)

MSDH requires public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitoritest for chlorine residuals as required by the federal Distinfection By-Products Rule. Each month, graduler is required to sample specified locations for chlorine residual levels. As we reported to you, our customers, by letter dated part 28, part 129, and May 2, 2011 only 10 of the 20 samples officed in February 2010 were lested locally for chlorine residual before being shipped to the State for testing. However, all 20 samples were taken, and passed the required tests at the State level. This was a monitoring violation, not a water quality deficiency. Your water was term, and is now, SAFE.

#### **Detected Contaminant Table**

The City regularly monitors for contaminants in the water as regulated by MSDH. Of the many contaminants tested, only these few were identified above the level of detection. All sampling/testing results are from 2010 except for inorganic contaminants barium, chromium and fluoride (last required sampling in 2009) and radioactive contaminants (last required sampling between December 2008 and February 2009). No detected contaminant violated the established MCL.

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Contaminants (units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Low	nge High	Violation	Typical Source		
Inorganic Contamina	nts								
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.007342	0.004219	0.007342	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
Chromium [Total] (ppm)	0.1	0.1	0.002317	ND	0.002317	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits		
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.81	0.509	0.81	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
Lead (mg/l)	AL = 0.0 perce		0.004		***	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits		
Copper (mg/l) $AL = 1.3 \text{ at } 90^{\text{th}}$ percentile		0.3	***		No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives			
Radioactive Contaminants									
Alpha Particles (pCi/l)	0	15	1.73	ND	1.73	No	Erosion of natural deposits of certain minerals		
Radium 226 (pCi/l)	0	5	0.363	ND	0.363	No	Erosion of natural deposits		
Radium 228 (pCi/l)	0	5	0.499	ND	0.499	No	Erosion of natural deposits		
Uranium (ug/l)	0	30	0.253	0.042	0.253	No	Erosion of natural deposits		
Disinfection Byproduc	ts								
Total Trihalomethanes [TTHM] (ppb)	NA	80	24.19			No	By-product of drinking water disinfection		
Haloacetic Acids [HAA5] (ppb)	NA	60	0.00			No	By-product of drinking water disinfection		
Chlorine Residual (mg/l)	NA	4	0.40	0.37	0.43	No	Water additive used to control microbes – This entry reports Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) Running Annual Average ("Your Water") an- Monthly Average ("Range - Low & High")		

#### Other Educational Information

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) - Some people who drink water that contains trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.